Habitat suitability assessment of the year-round tolerance area for bison in the State of Montana

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Model Development

Step selection model:

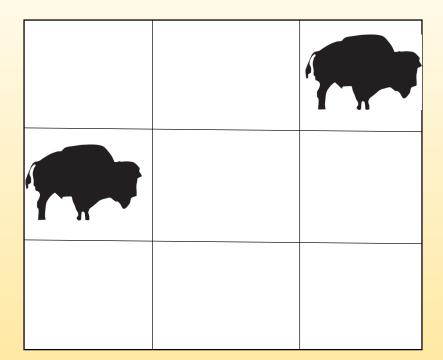
- 62 Adult Female Bison
- 2004-2015

Static Habitat Attributes:

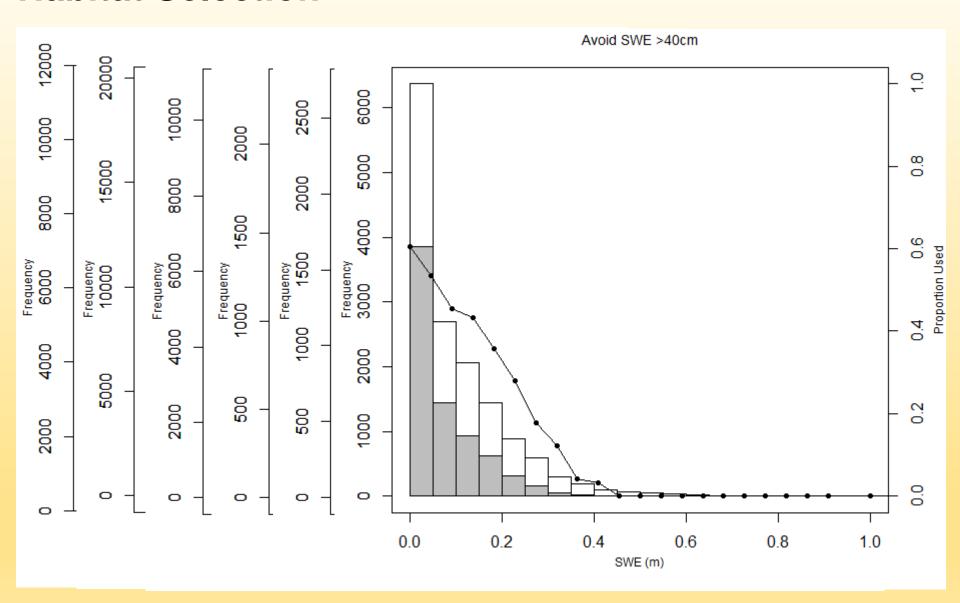
- Percent Slope
- Land Cover Classification
- Distance to Water

Dynamic Habitat Attributes:

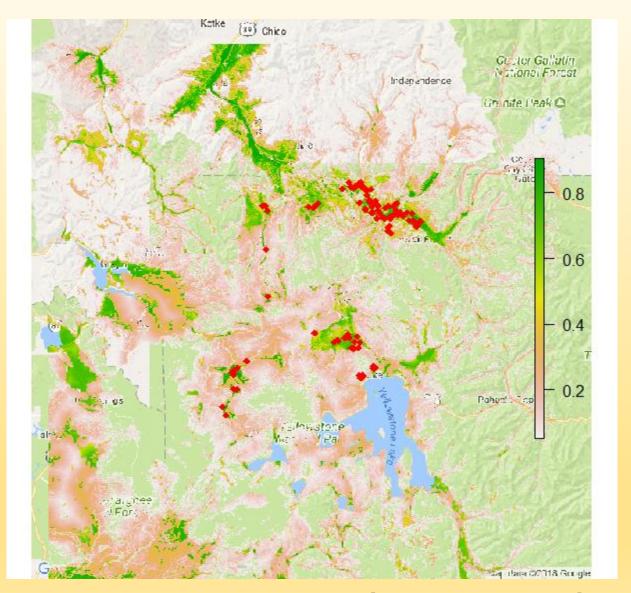
- Snow Water Equivalent
- Growing Season Production
- Vegetation "Green-ness"



Habitat Selection

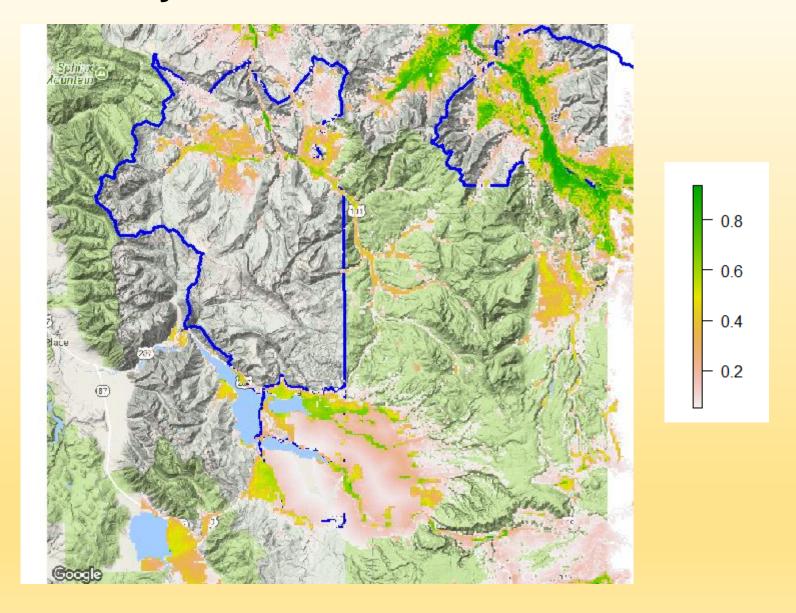


Habitat Suitability Score



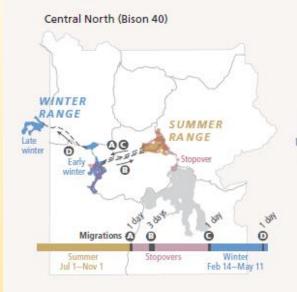
February 16 2010 (Mild Winter)

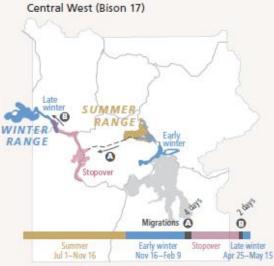
Habitat Suitability Score

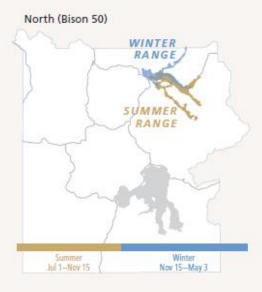


February April July

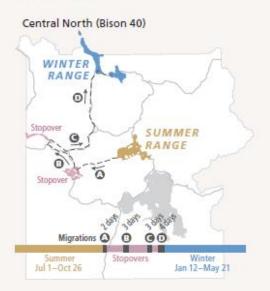
Mild Winter

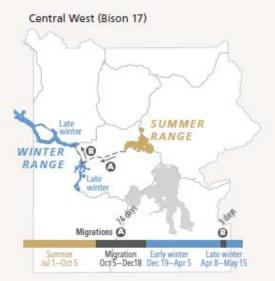


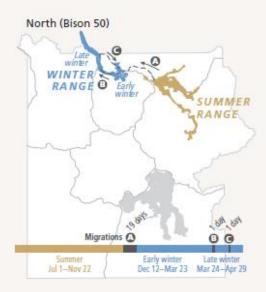




Severe Winter

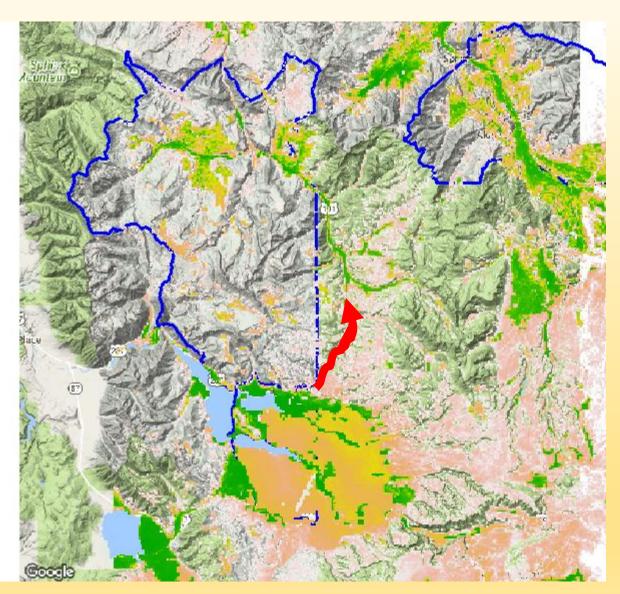






Highway 191

- 1. Cross 9-10 miles of poor habitat
- 2. 20-25 miles to entrance of Taylor Fork road
- 3. Bison near West primarily during April-May, less so during fall and winter
- 4. Existing migration behaviors are to move back into the Park along the Upper Madison



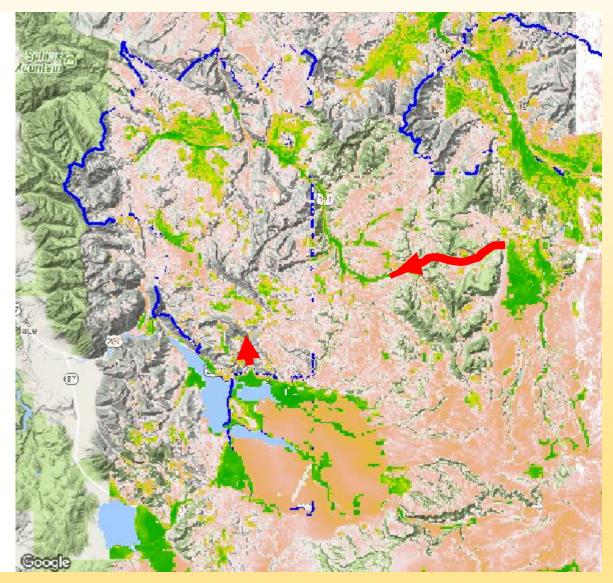
April Habitat Suitability

Red Canyon

- 1. Potential route during summer and fall
- 2. Exploratory movements through linking small, disjointed suitable habitat patches

Gallatin Headwaters

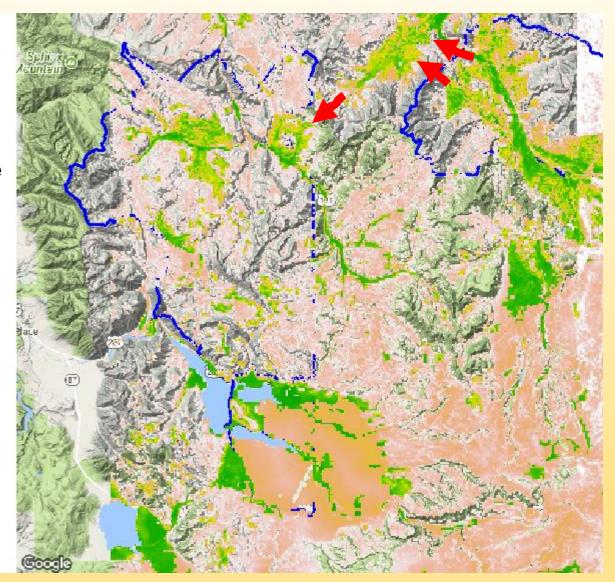
- 1. Likely used during mid 1990s
- 2. Potential route during summer and fall



July Habitat Suitability

Tom Miner

- 1. Migration into Tom Miner Basin is likely
- 2. Would additionally require movement through alpine areas to link to the Upper Gallatin



July Habitat Suitability

Year-Round Habitat and Migration Corridors

- 1. The Taylor Fork and Upper Gallatin provide the largest contiguous area of habitat in the year-round tolerance area
- 2. Suitable habitat is constrained to the Taylor Fork and 191 corridor particularly during winter
- 3. Four potential migration routes each have constraints
- 4. Exploratory movements affected by
 - high abundance
 - high snow
 - human disturbance

